Prospects for cooperation between Dutch and Chinese seaweed sector

December 12, 2019 Sander van den Burg, Maggie Skirtun, Miriam Bernard & Koen van Swam







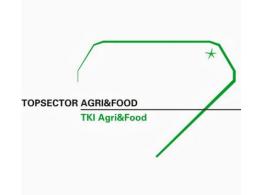


Objective of the project

- Seed Money Project funded by Topsector Agri&Food
- Identify challenges and opportunities for cooperation, and areas for positive joint Dutch-Sino business ventures
- Methods
 - Stakeholder consultation in NL (May 2019)
 - Visit to China (July 2019)
 - Present results to NL sector (October 2019)







Key opportunities for collaboration from the Dutch perspective

- Opinions gathered by phone interviews and a workshop session
- Main interests of the Dutch seaweed sector:
 - Seaweed products and applications
 - Seaweed processing
 - Breeding
- Future collaboration desired in form of knowledge exchange and trade





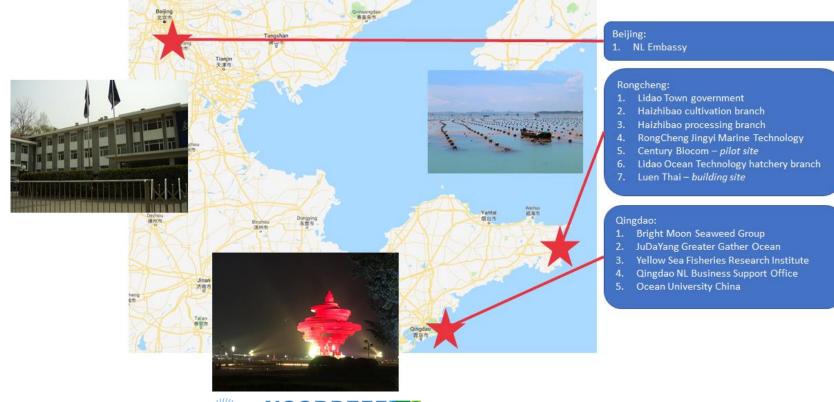








Locations and visits







Seaweed cultivation in China

- To provide sufficient food for a growing population Large scale production with high density yields ~40kg/m, tendency to go further offshore
- Labour from immigrants from country-side, aging workforce
 Production is low-tech



Producing spores

Use of natural resources – wild seeds, sea water etc.

Interactions with the natural environment

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Seaweed processing







Food innovation

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北京爱科赛尔认证中心有限公司 food.cnca.cn 身份码 143475040 刮并涂层~ 得有机码



- Active research and medical advancement (e.g. use in heart tissue growth)
- Collaboration with German universities, JVs in Austria
- Large number of patents, >120 patents

Cooperation with research institutes







Challenges for the Chinese sector

- Density of production (moving offshore to minimise competition of nutrients, need seed improvements for different environments)
- Recognize there is a need for further mechanisation / automation
- Bringing Chinese products to the European market, not directly selling their products but:
 - Produce products according to required specifications
 - Non-branded final products for own branding
 - Semi-fabricates, to be processed into final product
- Insight into consumer acceptance and standardisation in EU is lacking





European producers

Small scale Explore high value applications Close connection to research High level of cooperation

Are China and Europe really two distinct worlds?

Differences	Similarities
Scale of production and processing	Need for mechanization
(a lot of vertical integration within value chain)	(reduce manual labour)
Labour intensity	Development of new high value applications
Less regulation, particularly for breeding	Cooperation with research institutes
Perception of the product by European consumer	

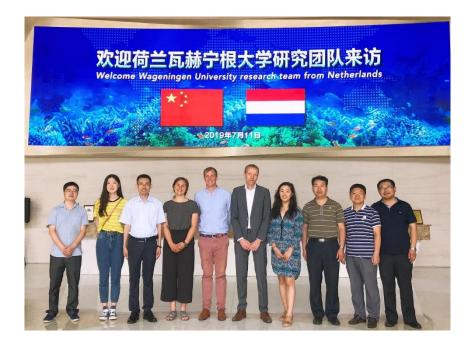




Three ways to move forward

- Trade with Chinese companies
 Jointly develop mechanisation (of harvesting, seeding)
- **3.** Joint research

IP issues as a major concern among Dutch companies







1. Trade with Chinese companies

- Distribute products from China: samples of products available
- What products are of interest for Dutch companies?
- Expression of interested from JuDaYang in importing seaweed from NL, samples of *Fucus* and *Ascophyllum* requested
- Processing and re-imports







2. Jointly develop mechanisation

- Shared interest in harvesting and seed breeding
- Dutch harvesting technologies are of interest
- Assistance offered in developing processing techniques for higher valued fresh products
- Co-investments (e.g. JVs), technology transfer from China







3. Joint research

- Make use of experience and knowledge in China good research institutes and universities in China
- Collaboration between universities already taking place (not focused on seaweed)
- What are the shared research interests with applications for business? E.g. develop a PPS proposal
- Chinese govt. encourages joint projects between China and Europe

 there's a list of funding available each year for research
- Options: exchange students, project-based work, symposia etc.





Concerns over IP issues

CHINA



- IP Key China aims to support and facilitate market access to international firms and innovators, especially taking into account concerns expressed by European businesses.
- To ensure market access the European Union works cooperatively with the Chinese authorities to increase transparency and improve the implementation of the intellectual property and IP enforcement system.
- IP Key China also supports the EU-China IP Dialogue Mechanism and works to raise awareness on the importance of IP in the region.

See more: 🔁 YouTube Youku 🕅





October 2019

Next steps

- Involved Ocean University in project proposal
- Exchange of students
- But also:
- Opportunities for joint proposals with Dutch and Chinese seaweed sectors
- Which programs are suitable?









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