

General information	
PPP-number	DFI-AF-18006 (AF-17026)
Title	How low can you go: Consumer methodology and strategies for maintaining sensory quality of novel healthy foods.
Theme	
Implementing institute	Wageningen Food and Biobased Research
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Coordinator (on behalf of private	Christien van Beusekom (Crisp Sensation)
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Project-website address	https://www.wur.nl/nl/Onderzoek-
	Resultaten/Onderzoeksprojecten-
	LNV/Expertisegebieden/kennisonline/How-low-can-
	<u>you-go-1.htm</u>
Start date	1-1-2018
Final date	31-10-2021

Approval by the coordinator of the consortium		
The annual report must be discussed with the coordinator of the consortium. The "TKI's"		
appreciate additional comments concerning the annual report.		
Assessment of the report by the		
coordinator on behalf of the	Approved	
consortium:		
Additional comments concerning		
the annual report:		

Summary of the project		
Problem definition	The daily intake of sodium, sugar, and fats by modern western consumers, looking for convenience in preparation combined with the increasing snacking trend, is too high. This leads to health issues and rising costs of healthcare. In many countries, both the food industries and consumers have pledged to make western diets healthier. However, the assortment of processed foods meeting nutrition and health requirements is still small and available products do not often meet convenience and expectations.	
Project goals	 To achieve breakthrough innovations in the following areas: 1. fundamental insights into the functional role of ingredients and their interactions in the complex food matrix during processing, 2. physical and chemical based models that link (thermo-dynamical) ingredient properties and ingredients composition to the mechanical and sensorial properties of food, 3. fundamental insights into the role of stevia derived glycosides and their interactions with other sugars, sweeteners and enhancers on sweetness perception and metabolism. 	
	Using state-of-the-art technologies two work packages are defined, being WP1: Functionality of stevia derived glycosides WP2: Ingredient interactions and processing in complex food matrices Desired impact:	

The proposed project aims at developing new strategies for developing convenient and healthy(e.g. sugar and/or fat reduced) foods (impact for food sector and society) allowing food manufacturers (impact for the food sector) to produce new food products that meet convenience, shelf-life, nutrition, health and preference requirements (impact for the society) and will be successful on the market. The following deliverable is intended: Knowledge-based strategies to create foods with a healthier formulation while meeting consumer's expectations

Results	
Planned results 2019	 WP1 WP1.1 Literature study to increase basic understanding of stevia glycosides-receptor interactions. WP1.2 Characterisation of sample properties and receptor-binding effects WP1.3 Design culture method to add saliva and mucus layer to cell assays and study interactions.
	 WP2 WP 2.2 Characterization of product properties during process chain WP 2.3 Impact of ingredients and crumb production process on crumb performance WP 2.4 Effect of processing steps in snack preparation chain on crumb sensory properties WP 2.5 Effect of batter/barrier and substrate properties on crumb sensory properties WP 2.7 Sensory and consumer studies WP 2.8 Implementation and development of quantitative design rules for prediction and optimization of microwavable snack quality
Achieved results 2019	 WP1 WP1.1 Literature study has been started and summarized. This basic knowledge is needed to design a cell assay approach to measure the sweet as well as bitter taste responses of different (modified) stevia glycosides fractions in a sensitive and high throughput way. WP1.2 Several different samples have been screened for sweet receptor interaction using different read-out formats (calcium vs beta-arrestin). Concentration curves have been generated and samples have been compared to acquire knowledge about how sample characteristics can define receptor action. WP1.3 Saliva was collected from volunteer's. Mucus was purchased commercially. Several different concentrations and ratios have been tested that doesn't kill te cells or influence the read-out of the receptor assay. WP2 WP 2.1: Detailed scoping finalized in 2018
	WP 2.2: Product reference has been characterization during the whole snack production chain from crumb application, pre-frying till freezing, storage and final heating in the microwave. Measured properties include water contents and water activities of the different snack components (substrate, coating, crumb) at different stages in the production chain, including storage in freezers at two different temperatures (-5°C and - 20°C) to monitor shelf life. Characterization also includes sound and fracture characteristics of the crumbs of the products stores after a certain period and after microwave heating, giving an estimation of sensory crispness and product shelf-life. Shelf-life experiments are still

	running. Furthermore, a technique to measure water and fat content profiles and in these snacks is under development using Near Infrared Red multispectral imaging.
	WP 2.3: Different types of crumbs, produced using different formulations, are characterized during the snack production process and compared to that of the reference. Shelf-life experiments are still running.
	WP 2.4: Substrate, coating and crumbs are followed during the production chain. From this it became clear that certain process steps, like coating and freezing after pre-frying have a large impact on crumb moisture content. In 2020 experiments are planned to optimize these steps to increase shelf-life.
	WP 2.5 Products with different substrates are followed during the production chain and it was found that initial water activity has an important effect on shelf-life and final crumb characteristics. Experiments are continued in 2020
	WP 2.7: The sensory studies to gain insight in the effect of processing steps in snack preparation chain on crumb sensory properties has been moved to 2020, because more insights are needed to be able to prepare a better crumb than the reference, which is needed to make the sensory comparison useful.
	WP 2.8: A mechanistic models based on the thermo-dynamical description of water transport in polymeric porous and non-porous systems has been developed to describe the water transport during the whole production chain of the whole product. Comparison with experimental data is planned for 2020
Planned results 2020	WP1 WP1.2 Finalize testing of current samples with sweet and bitter receptor assays and proceed with new samples if needed.
	WP1.3 Optimize further the saliva/mucus experimentations
	WP1.4 Study health effects of stevia glycosides in the intestinal tract using several different in vitro cell culture assays.
	WP2 WP 2.2: Continue characterization of product properties during the snack preparation phases at standard conditions and development NIR technique to measure water profiles.
	WP 2.3: Continue impact of ingredients and crumb production process on crumb performance running
	WP 2.4: Continue effect of processing steps in snack preparation chain on crumb sensory properties.
	WP 2.5: Continue effect of batter/barrier and substrate properties on crumb sensory properties
	WP 2.6: Start integrated application of new developed concepts
	WP 2.7: Start sensory and consumer studies
	WP 2.8: Continue development and validate mechanistic model
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Deliverables/products in 2019 External reports:

- Regularly update reports
 - o 190613UpdateHoLoGoWP2_CS
 - 190613UpdateHoLoGoWP2_WUR
 - 190930UpdateHoLoGoWP2_CS
 - $\circ \quad 190630 \text{UpdateHoLoGoWP2}_\text{WUR}$
 - $\circ \quad 190630 UpdateHoLoGoWP2_XRT$

<u>https://www.wur.nl/nl/Onderzoek-Resultaten/Onderzoeksprojecten-</u> LNV/Expertisegebieden/kennisonline/How-low-can-you-go-1.htm

https://topsectoragrifood.nl/project/imparas/attachment/dfi-af-18006b-annualreport-2018-hologo/